Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

## Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Redwater, Texas:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund of the City of Redwater, Texas, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Redwater, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Redwater, Texas, as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 30, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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City of Redwater, Texas Page 2

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Redwater, Texas' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section, statistical section, and information required by the revenue bond covenants have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Williams & Co., P.C.

William & G.

Texarkana, USA April 30, 2008

#### -UNAUDITED-

Management's discussion and analysis provides a narrative overview of the City of Redwater, Texas's financial performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 1 and 2, and the City's financial statements, which begin on page 10. This discussion and analysis includes information for this year, with comparative data for the prior year.

#### Financial Highlights

The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2007 by \$3,496,932. Of this amount, \$385,962 is considered unrestricted, which is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to creditors.

Total combined revenues for governmental and business-type activities were \$1,001,005 and combined total expenses were \$792,202. Therefore, there was a increase in net assets of \$208,803.

The general fund reported a positive fund balance of \$93,087. The general fund balance at September 30, 2006, was \$81,546.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

This area of the discussion and analysis is merely intended to serve as an introduction for the City's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2007.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 10, 11, and 12). These provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector enterprise. The Statement of Net Assets provides information about the City's total assets and liabilities, and the Statement of Activities provides information on the revenues and expenses of all of the cities activities.

For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how services of the City were sold to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services (on pages 19 to 23).

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#### **Using This Annual Report (Continued)**

The fund financial statements (on pages 13 to 17) report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources and expenses.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

#### The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the City's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 10. Its primary purpose is to show whether the City is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Assets includes all the City's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the City's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting, which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The City's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as grants and revenues provided by the taxpayers. All of the City's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current year or future years.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. The City's net assets (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into one type of activity, governmental activities. Governmental activities include the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and Capital Project Fund.

The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Laws and contracts require the City to establish some funds. The City's administration establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The City maintains two kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary.

#### -UNAUDITED-

#### Reporting The City's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds – Most of the City's basic services are reported in its three governmental funds: the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Project Fund. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary Fund – The City reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the City) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. The internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities, such as the City's self-insurance programs.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

We present the current year data and discuss significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net assets (Table I) and changes in net assets (Table II) of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities combined. Overall, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,496,932 at the close of the September 30, 2007, fiscal year end.

The cost of all government-wide activities this year was \$792,202. Costs in the amount of \$885,949 were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs.

#### The City's Funds

Total revenues of the governmental funds for the year ended September 30, 2007 increased by \$14,820. Total expenses (including transfers) of governmental funds increased by \$17,464.

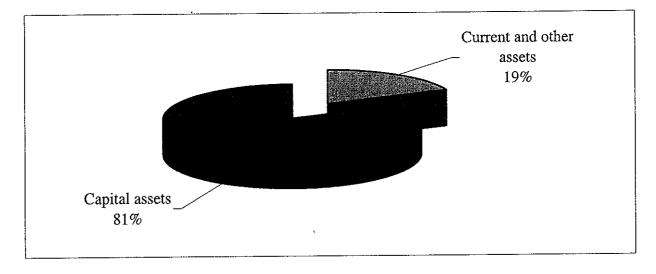
#### **Debt Administration**

At year-end, the city had outstanding bonds and certificates of obligation totaling \$1,655,115, which is a decrease of \$30,073 from the September 30, 2006, balance.

#### - UNAUDITED -

#### Table I NET ASSETS

	Primary Government 2007
Current and other assets	\$ 1,036,263
Capital assets	4,515,459
Total assets	5,551,722
Long-term liabilities	1,676,644
Other liabilities	378,146
Total liabilities	2,054,790
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	3,023,375
Restricted	87,595
Unrestricted	385,962
Total net assets	\$ 3,496,932



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#### Table II CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Primary Government 2007
Revenues: Program revenues:	h 005 040
Fines, forfeitures, and charges for services	\$ 885,949 6,451
Operating grants and contributions	0,431
General Revenues Sales and use taxes	43,155 37,792
Property taxes Franchise taxes	21,403
Interest	6,255
Total revenues	1,001,005
Expenses:	
General government	111,602
Public safety	6,000
Water	674,600
Total expenses	792,202
Change in net assets	\$ 208,803

#### - UNAUDITED -

Table II CHART A - REVENUES

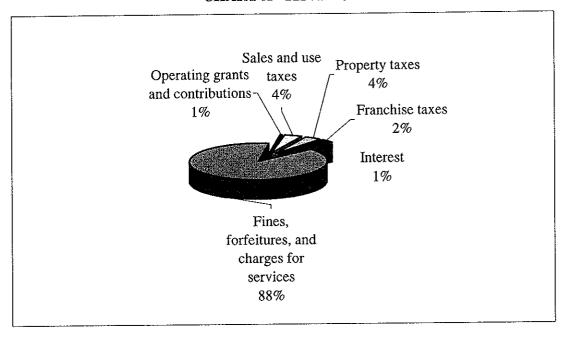
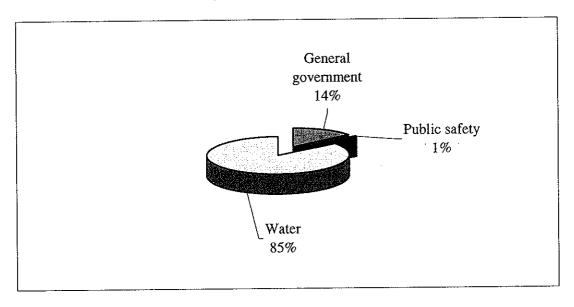


Table II CHART B - EXPENSES



#### -UNAUDITED-

#### **Capital Assets**

At September 30, 2007, the City had \$4,515,459 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities, equipment, and land. This amount represents a net increase of \$461,256.

This year's major additions included:

Buildings	\$ 9,406
Equipment	7,994
Pumps & treatment	4,912
Office furniture and equipment	1,914
Sewer system	1,900
Water meters	2,216
Construction in progress - sewer	<u>588,876</u>
Tot	al \$ <u>617,218</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2007 was \$155,962.

#### **Budget and Actual Revenues and Expenses**

The variance between budgeted and actual revenues for the General Fund is a positive \$19,571. The variance between budgeted and actual expenditures is a negative \$8,030.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The financial statements are followed by Notes to the Financial Statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information about the data provided about the City in the financial statements and are an integral part of the financial statements.

#### Contacting The City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's business office at the City of Redwater, Texas, P.O. Box 209, Redwater, Texas 75573.

BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS

## CITY OF REDWATER, TEXAS Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2007

	N-SCHOOL 22	ernmental ctivities	A-17-7-12-12-1	ness-Type ctivities		Totals
ASSETS	<u> </u>					
Current Assets					ф	026 725
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	93,662	\$	143,063	\$	236,725
Certificates of deposit		51,174		10,444		61,618
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		7,011		171,553		178,564
Unbilled receivables				23,315		23,315
Due from other funds		(29,541)		29,541		- 276 520
Restricted assets		27,592		348,940		376,532
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		149,898		726,856		876,754
Other Assets						
Deferred issuance costs		-		43,816		43,816
Other investments - restricted		115,693				115,693
<b>Total Other Assets</b>		115,693		43,816		159,509
Capital Assets						
Land		146,322		25,331		171,653
Construction in progress-sewer project		-		615,393		615,393
Buildings, net		87,700		16,459		104,159
Furniture and equipment, net		16,572		4,726		21,298
Equipment and tools, net		23,269		48,993		72,262
Park facilities,net		596,156		=		596,156
Pumps and equipment, net		-		124,081		124,081
Lines and storage, net		-		1,752,646		1,752,646
Water meters, net		_		77,615		77,615
Sewer systems, net				980,196		980,196
<b>Total Capital Assets</b>		870,019		3,645,440		4,515,459
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,135,610	\$	4,416,112	\$	5,551,722

## CITY OF REDWATER, TEXAS Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and taxes Accrued interest payable	27,838 1,411	54,719 5,241 22,248	82,557 6,652 22,248
Utility deposits - payable from restricted	20.240	266,689 348,897	<u>266,689</u> 378,146
Total Current Liabilities	29,249	340,027	370,110
Noncurrent Liabilities  Due within one year  Due in more than one year	2,811 18,718	30,383 1,624,732	33,194 1,643,450
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>	21,529	1,655,115	1,676,644
TOTAL LIABILITIES	50,778	2,004,012	2,054,790
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	848,490 27,592 208,750	2,174,885 60,003 177,212	3,023,375 87,595 385,962
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,084,832	\$ 2,412,100	\$ 3,496,932

# For the Year Ended September 30, 2007 CITY OF REDWATER, TEXAS Statement of Activities

Functions/Programs	Expenses	150	Charges for Services	Progra	Program Revenues Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Gove Ac	Net (Ex Cha Governmental Activities	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets nental Business- ries Activities	ees and	Total
Governmental Activities: General government Public safety	\$ 111,602 6,000	↔	24,013 6,000	↔	6,451	€	€9	(81,138)	€	↔	(81,138)
Total Governmental Activities	117,602		30,013		6,451	h		(81,138)			(81,138)
Business-type Activities: Water	674,600		488,133		ı	,		1	(186,467)		(186,467)
Grant			225,118		ı	I		•	225,118		225,118
Sewer	,		80,752			t		1	80,752		80,752
Late charges	1		28,850		I	1		•	28,850		28,850
Tapping/transfer/tampering	ı		23,675			1		ı	23,675		23,675
Line extensions/bore charges	ı		6,013		ı	•		1	6,013		6,013
Miscellaneous	1		3,396	:	ı	-		-	3,396		3,396
Total Business-type Activities	674,600		855,937		k P	•		ı	181,337	1	181,337
Total	\$ 792,202		885,950	*	6,451	•	99	(81,138)	\$ 181,337	40	100,199
		Gene	General Revenues:	es:						•	1 1 1
		Sal	Sales and use taxes	axes			↔	43,155	· ↔	↔	43,155
		Pro	Property taxes					37,792	1		51,192
		Fr2 Int	Franchise taxes Interest					3,031	3,223		6,254
		Tota	General R	evenues a	Total General Revenues and Transfers			105,381	3,223		108,604
		Char	Change in Net Assets	ssets				24,243	184,560		208,803
		Net /	Net Assets, Beginning	nning				1,060,589	2,227,540	_ 1	3,288,129

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net Assets, Ending

\$ 3,496,932

\$ 2,412,100

\$ 1,084,832

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2007

		eneral Fund	Re	ecial zenue und	Gove	Total crimental Funds
ASSETS						
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Certificates of deposit Receivables, net allowances Due from other funds Restricted assets	\$	93,662 51,174 7,011 12	\$	- - - - 27,592	\$	93,662 51,174 7,011 12 27,592
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		151,859		27,592		179,451
Other Assets Investments-restricted		<del>-</del>		115,693		115,693
<b>Total Other Assets</b>				115,693		115,693
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	151.859	\$	143,285	\$	295,144
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and taxes Due to other funds		27,819 1,411 29,542		30		27,849 1,411 29,542
Total Current Liabilities	••••	58,772		30		58,802
TOTAL LIABILITIES		58,772		30		58,802
Fund Balances Restricted Unrestricted		93,087		27,592 115,663		27,592 208,750
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		93,087	<del> </del>	143,255		236,342
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	151,859	\$	143,285	\$	295,144

## Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds To Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2007

<b>Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds</b>	\$ 236,342
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	29,249
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	870,019
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,135,610</u>

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	leneral Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Property taxes, including			
penalty and interest	\$ 37,792	\$ -	\$ 37,792
Franchise taxes	21,403	-	21,403
Sales taxes	28,770	14,385	43,155
Rental income	9,000	-	9,000
Intergovernmental	6,000	-	6,000
Interest	2,944	87	3,031
Refuse income	15,011	<del>-</del>	15,011
Miscellaneous	 6,451	-	6,451
<b>Total Revenues</b>	 127,371	14,472	141,843
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government			
Appraisal district fees	1,247	-	1,247
Accounting and audit fees	1,515	208	1,723
Beautification	1,331	-	1,331
Dues and subscriptions	981	<b>-</b>	981
Insurance	7,717	-	7,717
Legal and filing fees	3,548	353	3,901
Office supplies and expenses	2,241	-	2,241
Repairs and maintenance	1,580	-	1,580
Retirement	1,035	-	1,035
Salaries	24,993	-	24,993
Taxes-payroll	622	-	622
Telephone	1,869	-	1,869
Travel and mileage	1,853	-	1,853
Utilities	2,634	-	2,634
Miscellaneous	2,691	209	2,900
Public safety	6,000	-	6,000
Public works	53,973	-	53,973
Debt service:			
Principal	-	2,946	2,946
Interest and other charges	 	1,002	1,002
Total Expenditures	 115,830	4,718	120,548

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

## For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	11,541	9,754	21,295
Net Change in Fund Balances	11,541	9,754	21,295
Fund Balances, Beginning	81,546	133,501	215,047
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 93,087	<u>\$ 143,255</u>	\$ 236,342

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

## Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 21,295

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Note payable proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.

2,948

Change in Net Assets - Governmental Activities

\$ 24,243

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

#### General Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	В	udget	,	Actual	Fa	riance vorable
					(Uni:	avorable)
Revenues						
Property taxes, including					•	# ##O
penalty and interest	\$	32,000	\$	37,792	\$	5,792
Franchise taxes		21,000		21,403		403
Sales taxes		28,000		28,770		770
Interest		200		2,944		2,744
Rental income		9,000		9,000		-
Intergovernmental		6,000		6,000		-
Refuse income		11,000		15,011		4,011
Miscellaneous		600	<del>.</del>	6,451		5,851
Total Revenues		107,800		127,371		19,571
Expenditures						
General government		73,500		55,857		17,643
Public safety		6,300		6,000		300
Public works		28,000		53,973		(25,973)
Total Expenditures		107,800		115,830		(8,030)
Excess of revenues and other financing source over expenditures	es			11,541		11,541
Fund balance, beginning of year				81,546		
Fund balance, end of year			\$	93,087		

## Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund

**September 30, 2007** 

	Water & Sev	ver Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents  Certificates of deposit  Receivables, net	\$ 143,063 10,444 171,552 23,315	
Unbilled receivables  Due from other funds	29,542	377,916
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	-	377,910
Noncurrent Assets:  Restricted cash and cash equivalents  Deferred issuance costs	348,940 43,816	
Capital assets: Land Construction in progress Buildings Furniture and equipment Equipment and tools Pumps and equipment Lines and storage Water meters Sewer systems Less accumulated depreciation	25,331 615,393 36,858 14,974 194,235 198,407 2,280,208 144,795 1,532,242 (1,397,003)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	<del></del>	4,038,196
TOTAL ASSETS		4,416,112

#### Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund September 30, 2007

	Water & S	ewer Fund
LIABILITIES	•	
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	54,719	
Accrued salaries and taxes	5,241	
Accrued interest payable	22,248	
Certificates, revenue bonds payable-current	30,383	
Total Current Liabilities		112,591
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Certificates, revenue bonds payable	1,624,732	
Rest-contracts, retainage payable	197,029	
Utility deposits-payable from restricted assets	69,660	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,891,421
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2.004.012
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,174,885	
Restricted	60,003	
Unrestricted	177,212	
TOTAL NET ASSETS		\$ 2,412,100

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Wat	er & Sewer Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Water sales	\$	488,133
Grant income		225,118
Sewer sales		80,752
Tapping fees		20,950
Transfer fees		2,725
Line extensions		4,213
Bore charges		1,800
Inspection fee		1,050
Late charges		20,510
Reconnect/reinstall fees		7,540
Returned check fee		800
Miscellaneous		2,346
Total Operating Revenues		855,937
OPERATING EXPENSES		0.467
Accounting		8,467
Amortization		1,892
Bad debt expense		6,498
Chemicals		11,341
Contract backhoe		3,540
Contract labor		696
Depreciation		155,962
Dues and memberships		240
Employee expenses		421
Equipment repairs and maintenance		7,905
Equipment supplies		1,794
Insurance		20,092 453
Legal and advertising		
Meter replacements		1,004 117
Mileage		102
Miscellaneous		
Office supplies and expense		4,535
Permits, licenses, and fees		2,572
Postage		3,973
Radio expense		1,067
Refuse		3,408
Rent - building		9,000

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Water & Sewer Fund
OPERATING EXPENSES (Continued)	
Rent - equipment	265
Repairs and maintenance	11,845
Retirement	4,426
Salaries	114,053
Special services	5,929
Supplies - operating	25,369
Taxes - payroll	9,063
Telephone	2,913
Testing service	9,548
Training	3,552
Uniforms	2,244
Utilities	40,628
Vehicle repairs	5,489
Vehicle supplies	8,473
Water purchases	116,347
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	605,223
Operating Income (Loss)	250,714
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest income	3,223
Interest expense	(68,977)
Paying agent fees	(400)
Net Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(66,154)
Change in Net Assets	184,560
Total Net Assets - Beginning	2,227,540
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 2,412,100

## Statement of Cash Flows

## Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers \$ 756,917		
Payments to suppliers (319,315)		
Payments to employees (124,152)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		313,450
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Principal paid on revenue bonds (24,000)		
Interest paid on revenue bonds (1,871)		
Acquisition of capital assets (617,218)		
Rest-contracts, retainage payable 197,029		
Principal paid on certificates of obligations (6,073)		
Interest paid on certificates of obligations (67,411)		
Fees paid to paying agent (400)		
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(519,944)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of certificates of deposit (444)		
Interest on investments 3,223		
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,779
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(203,715)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		695,718
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	492,003
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating	activi	ties:
Operating income (loss)	\$	250,714
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Depreciation 155,962		
Amortization 1,892		
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable (106,303)		
Decrease in payroll liabilities (1,036)		
Increase in customer deposits payable 7,283		
Increase in accounts payable 4,938		
Total adjustments		62,736
Net cash provided by operating activities		

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Redwater, Texas ("the City"), was incorporated on October 20, 1941, and was reactivated in May of 1988 under the provisions of the State of Texas. The City operates under a Council-Mayor form of government. In addition, the City owns and operates a water and sewer system.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989, when applicable, that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the City has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the City has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) unanimously approved Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. This statement requires a Management Discussion and Analysis section and requires that financial statements be prepared using the full accrual method.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. A blended component unit, although a separate legal entity, is in substance part of the City's operations, and data from this unit is combined with the data of the primary government.

#### Blended Component Unit:

• <u>Redwater Industrial Development Corporation (RIDC)</u> was created May 12, 1999, exclusively for the purposes of and to act on behalf of the City for the promotion and development of commercial, industrial, and manufacturing enterprises, and to promote and encourage employment and the public welfare pursuant to the Development Corporation Act of 1979, under which it was formed. The operations of the RIDC are accounted for by the City as a special revenue fund.

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2. <u>Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Statements</u>

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's public protection, parks, public works and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's water and sewer services are classified as business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. These statements report all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net assets are reported in three parts: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (parks, public works, etc.) The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (parks, public works, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and use taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the substainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 3. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the City:

#### a. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

a) The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. b) The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. c) The capital project fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds).

#### b. Proprietary Funds:

The focus of proprietary fund management is upon determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary fund of the City:

The water and sewer fund is used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, or c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing water and sewer services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### **NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### 4. Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### a. Accrual:

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### b. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred.

#### 5. Financial Statement Amounts

#### a. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand and demand deposits.

#### b. Investments:

Investments are recorded at cost which approximates fair market value.

#### c. Capital Assets:

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets purchased or acquired that the City would like to track are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. As of October 1, 2004, new infrastructure assets, such as roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than those related to utilities), traffic signals, etc., are required to be depreciated under GASB 34.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Depreciation has been provided in the water and sewer fund in amounts sufficient to relate the cost of the depreciable assets to operations over their estimated service lives on the straight-line basis. The service lives by type of asset are as follows:

Buildings	5 - 20 years
Office Furniture and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Equipment and Tools	3 - 7 years
Pumps and Treatment Equipment	5 - 20 years
Lines and Storage	10 - 50 years
Water Meters	10 years
Sewer System	7 - 50 years

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the same manner as in the government-wide statements.

#### d. Amortization of Deferred Issuance Costs

The cost of the City assuming the certificates of obligation of The Redwater Water Supply and Sewer Service Corporation are being amortized over the remaining life of the certificates on a straight line basis.

The cost of the City issuing the Series 2003-A and 2003-B revenue bonds is being amortized over the remaining life of the certificates on a straight-line basis.

The cost of the City issuing the Series 2006 certificates of obligations is being amortized over the remaining life of the certificates on a straight-line basis.

#### e. Inter-fund Activity

Inter-fund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as inter-fund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other inter-fund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental and proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### f. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities.

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### g. Risk Management

The City of Redwater, Texas participates in the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool to cover the risks to which the City is exposed. All policies are in effect from October 1, 2006 until October 1, 2007.

Coverage Provided	Limits or Amounts
Real and Personal Property	\$ 1,817,800 Limit
Boiler and Machinery	\$ 1,000,000 Limit
Mobile Equipment	\$ 84,979 Limit
General Liability	\$ 1,000,000 Limit
Auto Liability	\$ 500,000 Limit
Errors & Omissions	\$ 1,000,000 Limit
Workers Compensation	Statutory

### NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### 1. Budgetary Data

A budget is adopted annually for the General Fund as a management control device. This budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### 2. Depository Contract Law & Custodial Credit Risk

The funds of the City must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, the contents of which are set out in the *Depository Contract Law*. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. At September 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the City's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$674,875 and the bank balance was \$562,535.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2007, \$181,861 of the City's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk. This is the amount by which the City's balance exceeded its FDIC insurance and the value of the securities pledged to cover the City's deposits.

### NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### 4. Revenue Restrictions

The revenue from water and sewer operations is pledged to the extent required for the following uses in the order of precedence shown:

- a. To the payment of all necessary and reasonable maintenance and operating expenses required by statute to be a first charge on and claim against the gross revenues thereof.
- **b.** To the payment of all amounts required to be deposited into the funds established for the payment and security of any prior lien obligations.
- c. To the payment of the amounts required to be deposited in the Bond Fund created and established for the payment of debt service on revenue bonds.
- **d.** To the payment of the amounts required to be deposited in the Reserve Fund to establish and maintain the required reserve in accordance with provisions of the ordinance for the revenue bonds issued.

#### NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

#### 1. Property Taxes and Receivables

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of February 1. Taxes are levied on October 1, and are due and payable at that time. Unless half payment is made by November 30, all unpaid taxes levied October 1 become delinquent February 1 of the following year.

Property tax revenues are recognized as they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end.

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#### NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

#### 2. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended September 30, 2007, was as follows:

#### **Business -type Activities**

	В	alance				Balance
	_10	/1/2006	Additions	Del	etions	9/30/2007
Buildings	\$	27,452	\$ 9,406	\$	-	36,858
Office, furniture & equipment		13,060	1,914		-	14,974
Equipment & tools		186,241	7,994		-	194,235
Pumps & treatment		193,495	4,912		-	198,407
Lines & storage	2,	280,208	-		_	2,280,208
Water meters		143,381	2,216		802	144,795
Sewer system	1,	530,340	 1,902		-	1,532,242
Total	\$4,	374,177	\$ 28,344	\$	802	\$4,401,719

#### **Business-type Activities-Accumulated Depreciation**

	Balance			Balance
_	10/1/2006	Additions	Deletions	9/30/2007
Buildings	\$ 19,022	1,377	-	20,399
Office, furniture & equipment	8,469	1,779	-	10,248
Equipment & tools	129,317	15,926	-	145,243
Pumps & treatment	64,005	10,320	-	74,325
Lines & storage	456,551	71,011	-	527,562
Water meters	56,466	11,516	802	67,180
Sewer system	508,013	44,033	_	552,046
Total	\$1,241,843	155,962	802	1,397,003

#### **Governmental Activities**

	Balance 10/1/2006	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/2007
D '11'				
Buildings	\$ 87,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,700
Office furniture & equipment	16,572	-	-	16,572
Equipment and tools	23,269	-	-	23,269
Land	13,322	-	-	13,322
Park land	133,000	-	-	133,000
Park facilities	596,156	_	_	596,156
Total	\$ 870,019	_	<del>-</del>	\$ 870,019

#### NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS (Continued)

#### 3. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at September 30, 2007, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Certificate of Obligations, Series 1989 R-4, payable in monthly installments of \$662 at a rate of 5% maturing September 15, 2012.

\$ 34,115

\$603,000 in Series 2003A Revenue Bonds, due in semiannual installments of varying amounts on each December 1 and June 1 through 2043 at an interest rate of 4.5%.

578,000

\$609,000 in Series 2003B Revenue Bonds, due in semiannual installments of varying amounts on each December 1 and June 1 through 2043 at an interest rate of 4.5%.

583,000

\$470,000 in Series 2006 Certificates of Obligations, due in semiannual installments of varying amounts on each December 1 and June 1 through 2026, at a varying interest rate which is currently 2.85%.

460,000

**Total Bonds Payable** 

\$1,655,115

Current portions of the long term bonds payable total

\$30,383

#### NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize notes of obligation as of September 30, 2007, are as follows:

Year Ending	1989 \$	Series	2003 Series		2005		
September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Totals
2008	6,383	1,561	14,000	49,343	10,000	17,190	98,477
2009	6,710	1,234	14,000	48,747	10,000	16,905	97,596
2010	7,053	891	16,000	48,153	10,000	16,610	98,707
2011	7,414	530	16,000	47,472	10,000	16,300	97,716
2012	6,555	153	-	-	-	-	6,708
2016	_	_	91,000	226,610	110,000	73,242	500,852
2021	-	-	112,000	205,530	140,000	50,703	508,233
2026	_	_	139,000	179,477	170,000	20,925	509,402
2031	-	-	170,000	147,518	-	-	317,518
2036	-	-	210,000	108,162	-	-	318,162
2041	-	_	260,000	59,288	-	-	319,288
2043			119,000	7,650	-	_	126,650
Totals	\$34,115	\$4,369	\$1,161,000	\$1,127,950	\$460,000	\$211,875	\$2,999,309

#### 4. Bond Covenants

Covenants attached to the Rural Development loans for facilities financed:

- 1.) Any additional borrowings from any source in relation to the facility must be approved by Rural Development.
- 2.) May not encumber facility financed by Rural Development.
- 3.) Facilities financed must generate sufficient funds to pay:
  - a) Debt
  - b) Operations and maintenance
  - c) Establish adequate reserves
  - d) Revenues cannot be used to pay any other expense not directly incurred for the facility financed by Rural Development.
- 4.) Maintain adequate insurance for the following:
  - a) Property
  - b) Fidelity
- 5.) Obtain Rural Development's concurrence prior to refusing new or adequate services that are legal and feasible to persons.
- 6.) No free service or use of facilities is permitted.
- 7.) Establish a reserve account.

#### NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

#### **Bond Covenants**

Covenants attached to the Texas Water Development Board loans for facilities financed:

- 1.) An interest and sinking fund must be established.
- 2.) Proceeds may not be used to acquire investment property, unless it meets specific requirements in the bond agreement.
- 3.) The property constituting the project may not be sold unless the City obtains an opinion of a nationally recognized bond counsel that such sale will not adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the Certificates of Obligation.

#### NOTE D - CONCENTRATION OF RISK

The City of Redwater, Texas is located approximately 10.8 miles from Texarkana, Texas on U.S. Highway 67 with a population of 872 as of the 2000 Census. A large percentage of residents depend on employment in nearby Texarkana, Texas and Arkansas.

#### NOTE E - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

In April 2007, the City began participating in the Texas Municipal Retirement System. The City contributes 4.09% of each employee's gross pay to the plan, and the employees contribute 5% of their gross pay to the plan.



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Redwater, Texas:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the City of Redwater, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City of Redwater, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 30, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Redwater, Texas' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Redwater, Texas' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Redwater, Texas' internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Redwater, Texas' ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City of Redwater, Texas' financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Redwater, Texas' internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Redwater, Texas' internal control.

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City of Redwater, Texas Page 2

Our consideration on internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Redwater, Texas' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and City Council, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Williams & Co., P.C.

Texarkana, USA April 30, 2008